



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

MARION, IND.**Garbage, Refuse, and Ashes—Care and Disposal. (Ord. Apr. 20, 1914.)**

SECTION 1. Householders and occupants of premises within said city are hereby required to place in receptacles provided by them all garbage, slops, and other waste or unwholesome materials: *Provided*, That the board of public works of said city may designate the kind or kinds of receptacles to be used, the same to be uniform throughout the city as nearly as is practicable.

SEC. 2. The receptacles so used for the retention of garbage, slops, and other waste or unwholesome materials shall be placed in places convenient for the said city by its employees, agents, and officers to remove the contents therefrom or cause the same to be removed: *Provided, however*, That each householder or occupant of premises in said city shall have the right to destroy all his garbage, slops, and other waste or unwholesome materials upon his own premises, taking care not to create a nuisance in so doing.

SEC. 3. The deposit of garbage, filth, slops, or other waste or unwholesome materials upon either private or public premises is hereby declared to be a public nuisance, and all persons so creating or suffering such nuisance shall abate the same without notice.

SEC. 4. The board of public works of said city is hereby authorized to cause the removal of such nuisance at the expense of such person or persons causing or suffering the same, and shall direct the city attorney to institute an action therefor, and judgment shall be rendered against such person or persons for the reasonable expense and costs of such removal.

SEC. 5. The deposit of ashes, dirt, unused materials, boxes, and rubbish in or upon any alley, street, watercourse, or public ground is hereby declared to be an obstruction, and the same shall be removed under the provisions of section 266 of an act of the General Assembly of the State of Indiana, entitled "An act concerning municipal corporations," approved March 6, 1905, and published at page 407 of the Acts of 1905.

SEC. 6. The board of public works, its employees, agents, or officers, shall have the right to enter or go into or upon, without formal warrant, any lot, inclosure, place, building, or premises for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this ordinance.

SEC. 7. This ordinance shall be and is supplementary to an act passed by the general assembly known as the "housing law," approved March 8, 1913, and published at page 377 of the Acts of 1913.¹

SEC. 8. Any person, firm, or corporation violating the provisions of section 3 of this ordinance shall be fined in any sum not to exceed \$50.

MARTINSBURG, W. VA.**Privies and Cesspools—Care and Disposal of Contents. (Ord. May 27, 1914.)**

SECTION 1. That it shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to keep or maintain any privy vaults, closets, cesspool, or any other place in which human excrement is deposited in an unsanitary condition.

SEC. 2. It shall be the duty of the board of health to determine by inspection whether or not such privy vaults, closets, cesspools, or other places where human excrement is deposited are kept or maintained in a satisfactory sanitary condition, and it is hereby empowered to make or have made such inspection as it may deem necessary for this purpose.

SEC. 3. Any person, firm, or corporation refusing to allow inspection or in any way interfering with the health commissioner, sanitary inspector, or any person or persons designated by him or the board of health in the performance of their duty shall be

¹ Public Health Reports, Sept. 12, 1913, p. 1915.

guilty of an unlawful act and upon conviction by the police judge shall be fined not less than \$5 nor more than \$50.

SEC. 4. It shall be the duty of the board of health to provide the means and supervise the removal and disposal of excrement from the aforesaid privy vaults, closets, cesspools, or other places of the like nature at such times and as often as it may deem necessary when the same shall be found to be in an unsatisfactory or unsanitary condition.

The board of health when requested by any property owner shall clean any privy vaults, closets, cesspools, or other place of the like nature the same as though the property had been inspected and found to be in an unsatisfactory or unsanitary condition, at the same price and upon the same terms as is provided in section 5 hereof.

SEC. 5. That the board of health is hereby empowered and directed to charge and collect 25 cents for each bushel of excrement removed from a privy provided with a water-tight receptacle and 50 cents for each bushel of excrement removed from privies not provided with water-tight receptacles and such amount as is reasonable and necessary for the cleaning of cesspools: *Provided, however,* That, no charge shall be less than 50 cents for the cleaning of any privy not provided with a water-tight receptacle.

The amount so charged and collected shall be used to defray the expenses of disinfection of such privies and scavenging done there.

SEC. 6. That the cost of such removal and cleaning shall be at the expense of the property owner, and the cost shall be certified by the health commissioner to the sergeant whose duty it shall be to notify the person or persons owning the property of the amount due, which shall be payable within 30 days next thereafter; and if the property owner or owners do not pay the said bill within such time, then the sergeant shall turn over such bills to the city attorney, who shall proceed by proper legal proceedings to collect the same, adding thereto 10 per cent of the amount of such bill as a penalty for nonpayment.

Milk and Milk Products—Production, Care, and Sale. (Ord. Aug. 6, 1914.)

SECTION 1. *Permits.*—That every person before selling milk or offering it for sale in the city of Martinsburg, or before conveying same in carriage or otherwise for the purpose of selling or delivering same, or before selling or delivering to any other person who sells or delivers milk into the city of Martinsburg, shall first secure a permit to do so. Application for said permit shall be made to the city health commissioner, and shall be in writing on a blank furnished to the applicant for such purpose. Said blank shall be filled out by the applicant, who shall give the names and place of residence of every person employed by him in the handling, producing, selling, or delivering of milk, together with the names and place of residence of any person from whom he purchases or receives milk, and said application shall contain an agreement that the city health commissioner, his deputies, or assistants shall have the right at any time to inspect his cows, premises, or methods of handling milk; and if at any time such persons shall employ other persons in the handling of his milk, or shall purchase milk from any person not hitherto reported by him, then, in either case, he shall, before selling or delivering such milk, report such fact to the health commissioner.

SEC. 2. *Permits not transferable.*—All permits shall be issued only in the name of the person making the application therefor; and said permits shall not be transferable except with the consent or indorsement thereon of the city health commissioner.

SEC. 3. *Permits, when renewable.*—Permits shall be good for one year and shall be renewed in the month of April of each year, at a cost of \$5 to the applicant, except that the permit issued this year shall be issued 30 days after the passage of this ordinance and shall be good until the 1st day of May, 1915, and shall be issued at a cost to the applicant of but \$3.33.